It is reported that Gen. Linievitch, the commander of the Vladivostok district, is now within two days march of Mukden with 80,000 men.

WEDNESDAY'S FIGHTING DESPERATE.

Gen. Sakharoff's despatch states that there was desperate fighting between the two armies all day yesterday, especially between 8 o'clock and midnight, after which the fire slackened. The Russians maintained all their positions.

In the last four hours of the day the Japanese fired an immense number of projectiles, and the Russian positions were searched by the Japanese shrapnel. The Russians maintained a stubborn defence the whole day. They were exposed to a hail of shrapnel, but defended the positions intrusted to them with desperate

After preparing for the assault with artillery the Japanese repeatedly attacked the Russian positions. Some of the advanced fortifications passed into the Japanese hands after a stubborn defence. They were, however, each time recaptured by the Russians at the point of the bayonet.

The Japanese left a number of dead. After each bayonet engagement the Russians dug pits in front of their positions. These in some cases were completely filled with Japanese corpses. The Japanese losses must have been enormous. The despatch

"The night passed quietly. Up to 6 o'clock this morning there has been no movement on either side."

Gen. Stackelberg was slightly wounded yesterday, but remained on the fighting

HEIGHTS TAKEN BY ASSAULT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.-The success of the Japanese arms in the great battle before Liaoyang was told in a cable despatch received at the Japanese Legation late this afternoon, from the Imperial Foreign office at Tokio. It says:

"According to telegrams received at headquarters on the afternoon of Sept. 1, our army corps of the left, at dawn on Thursday, by flerce repeated assaults, took possession of the heights occupied by the enemy's right wing. Thereupon all of the enemy south of Liaoyang began to retreat, and our army is now pursuing."

Earlier in the afternoon the legation received the following despatch from Tokio:

"A résumé of the reports received up to the afternoon of the 31st is as follows: "Since Aug. 27 our armies have continued operations toward Liaoyang. On the morning of the 29th the right and central columns of the first army occupied a position nine miles east by south of Liaoyang, on the left bank of the Tatuto [Taitse?] River.

"The columns which were advancing along the Haicheng-Liaoyang road, in joint operation with the left column of the first army, took, on the 29th, a position facing the enemy's line of defence, which extended to east and west from a point six miles south of Liaoyang. On the 30th severe fighting occurred during the whole day, and it was still continuing on the afternoon of the 31st. The enemy appeared to consist of twelve or thirteen divisions."

KUROPATKIN'S ESCAPE PROBLEMATICAL.

LONDON, Sept. 2.-Can Gen. Kuropatkin escape? is the problem on which all attention and criticism is directed. None of the news received up to 4:30 A. M. enables one to give a satisfactory answer. The consensus of opinion is that the Japanese have probably won a great victory, but whether it is a decisive one is doubtful.

It is argued that these and some other reasons make impossible the assumption. to which the unofficial reports seem to point, that Gen. Kuropatkin is surrounded.

It is pointed out that the capture of Liaoyang itself will not carry matters further than the successful operations at Tashichao Haicheng and elsewhere. Moreover, even if the Rassians, as rumored, are in full retreat, it is questioned whether Gen. Kuroki will be able to interpose a sufficient force between Liaovang and Mudken to bar the retirement of Gen. Kuropatkin's huge army.

HARD WORK FOR KUROKI.

The Yontai mines, toward which Gen. Sakharoff reported that part of the outflanking force was directing its march, are nearly ten miles from the railway, with which the mines are connected by a branch

It is contended that Gen. Kuroki's advance westward from the mines to a point where he might hope to intercept the Russians successfully will undoubtedly be resisted by forces allotted for that purpose, probably also in carefully prepared positions, and it may easily cost the Japanese whole days of fighting to break down such resistance.

Meanwhile the Russian army, if re treating, may reach Mukden despite probable heavy losses of men, guns and stores, and though demoralized it would be far from crushed.

Little attention is paid to yesterday's rumor that a Japanese detachment is northeast of Mukden, and nothing more has been heard of the Japanese column which was yesterday reported to be to the west of Liaoyang.

There are significant omissions in the official reports of both sides, and deductions therefrom, pending more definite information, can only be hypothetical.

There are again many reports of battles on Aug. 30 and 31, but they add nothing to the knowledge thereof and only supply further evidence that never in the annals of war has there been a contest more sternly fought or with more devoted courage by both combatants.

The Taitse River, which Gen. Kuroki's army crossed in turning the Russian left flank, is a stream of considerable size, flowing westward and crossing the Liao yang plain just outside the northern wall of the town. As it approaches Liaoyang from a little north of east, Kuroki, when he reached the right bank, was well behind

officially. The Russian losses in the fight- the Russian front as it stood on Wednesday. Hence he would be in an excellent position to cut off the retreat to Mukden.

JAP REENFORCEMENTS. Troops Being Landed at Newchwang and Rushed to Halcheng.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Kupantse, dated Aug. 31, says that since the Japanese have established a base at Newchwang 5,000 troops have been landed there and 35,000 are now being sent on trains from Dalny to Haicheng.

These were originally intended as reserves for the besiegers of Port Arthur. but Field Marshal Oyama is convinced that they are not needed there and has ordered them north.

ESTIMATES OF THE LOSSES. Russian Casualties Placed at 15,000 and Those of the Japs at 12,000.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN PARIS, Sept. 1 .- The Matin's correspon dent at St. Petersburg says that anxiety is felt there over the great disparity between the estimate of the Russian losses at Liaoyang made by Gen. Sakharoff, who places them at 3,000, and that made by Gen. Kuropatkin, who estimates them at 10,000.

ROME, Sept. 1 .- A despatch to the Italia Militare e Marina from Liaoyang says that the Russian losses at Liaoyang so far are 15,000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners; thirty-five guns destroyed, and sixteen guns, 40,000 rifles and 200 wagons captured. The Japanese losses are estimated at 12,000 killed and wounded

RUSSIANS COAL IN CANARIES. Warships Replenish Bunkers From Steamers Which Were Awaiting Them.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, Sept. 1 .- A despatch from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, says several Russian warships have arrived at Lanzarote Island and coaled from steamers which were awaiting them.

CHINA TAKING A HAND. Increasing Her Forces on the Liao in Order to Enforce Neutrality.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 2.-A despatch from Tokio to the Standard says that China, who appreciates the significance of the present position at Liaoyang, has been constantly increasing her military forces on the neutral side of the Liao River.

She has ordered Gen. Ma to enforce neutrality firmly in the event of the Russians, ? defeater, trying to enter Chinese territory not included in the war zone. Responsible newspapers in Tokio warn

the people against expecting peace in the event of the defeat of Gen. Kuropatkin and the fall of Port Arthur. They urge the nation to prepare for a long and difficult war, but do not admit doubt as to Japan's ultimate victory.

MORE FIRING AT PORT ARTHUR. The Bombardment Had Been Suspended for Several Days.

Special Cable Despatches to THE STY CHEFOO, Sept. 1.-Continual firing was neard at Port Arthur throughout the night. PARIS, Sept. 1.—A despatch to the Matin from Chefoo says that the bombardment of Port Arthur has been completely suspended. It would appear that the Japanese have abandoned the idea of taking the fortress by assault, and will endeavor to

educe it by establishing a strict blockade. Tokio, Sept. 1.-The people of Japan are anxiously intent upon the progress of events at Port Arthur. They are comparatively indifferent to the operations in front

A despatch to the Asahi from Haichens states that the pole which has been used by the Bussians for wireless communication between Chefoo and Port Arthur, situated on the land of a German firm on a hill near the Russian consulate at Chefoo, was removed on Saturday, and now communication with Port Arthur apparently is sus-

pended. St. Petersburg, Sept. 1.—The Czar has received the following despatch from ien. Stoessel, the commander of the garrison at Port Arthur, dated Aug. 26.

"The gracious telegrams of your Majest were received with resounding cheers in the presence of the enemy. They have redoubled the strength of the defenders and the heroic spirit of the troops. From Aug. 23 up to to-day all the daily assaults of the Japanese have been repulsed, with the help of God."

WHY THE ATTACK WAS HALTED.

LONDON, Sept. 2.-A despatch from Shanghai to the Daily Mail says recent advices from Tokio state that the general attack on Port Arthur having lasted since Aug. 18, it became necessary to give the troops a rest and make some changes in their organization. Military circles are now intentionally

laying great stress on the difficulty of the enterprise and urging patience, presumably to prepare the public for a postponement in taking the fortress. The original programme has evidently been modified. as it has been found impossible to press forward operations as the Japanese hoped.

There is general surprise that the place has been held so long, and it is said that the defenders have shown themselves stronger and more resolute than their countrymen who are fighting elsewhere. Another cause of the delay in the fall

of the fortress is that the fleet cannot cooperate with the army, owing to the vital necessity of preserving its naval unit. For this reason the battleships and best cruisers are not employed near Port Arthur, and the warships assisting the troops are mostly of an inferior type, like the Hashidate though other ships would come in case of an emergency.

RUSSIA WARNS KAISER'S COUSIN Prince Won't Join Kuropatkin, Because o "Danger From Chunchuses."

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN BERLIN, Sept. 1 .- The North German Gazette makes the semi-official announcement that Prince Frederick Leopold o Prussia, second cousin of the Kaiser, who was about to join Gen. Kuropatkin as German military attaché, has postponed his departure, at the desire of the Russian Government, owing to the "danger of de-struction of the railway by Chunchusee." It is known that Prince Frederick is disinclined to go, and Russia is equally disin clined to be responsible for the safety of

THE INDEPENDENT RELEASED.

an attaché of such exalted rank.

Steamship Taking Food Supplies to Japan Let Go by Chinese Officials.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. CHEFOO, Sept. 1 .- In the case of the steam ship Independent of the Osaka Steamship Company, which stopped here on Tuesday while on her way from Japan with food supplies, and was held by Commissioner of Customs Campbell, Sir Robert Hart, the inspector-General of Chinese Maritime Customs, has ruled that the vessel must b allowed to proceed.

Commissioner Campbell held the vessel here on the ground that it would be a violation by China of the laws of neutrality if she was allowed to continue her journey. She had merely stopped here to land some passengers. The Japanese Consul protested against Commissioner Campbell's ruling, and the matter was referred to Sir Robert Hart.

A Japanese cruiser and two torpedo destroyers were off here to-day.

DAMAGE TO CRUISERS SERIOUS. Rossia and Gromobel in a Bad Way-Re pairs on Bogatyr Nearly Completed.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. TOKIO, Sept. 1 .- The Jiji learns that Vladivostok is quiet. Two trains arrive and depart daily. Provisions are plentiful and concerts are frequently given. The damage to the cruisers Rossia and Gromoboi has been found to be extremely serious. The repairs on the cruiser Bogatyr are nearly completed.

WON'T BUILD CZAR'S WARSHIPS. Denial That Nixon Got Any Orders Re-

cently in Russia. CHICAGO, Sept. 1 .- The Daily News tonight published the following cablegram: "A prominent member of one of the largest American trusts, who has just arrived in Paris from Russia, denies with vigor that Lewis Nixon has returned to the United States with orders for new warships from the Czar.

"I have just been over the whole ground," ne said, and thus know the fruitless result of Nixon's trip. He went to Russia on his own initiative to attempt to get an order, and especially for submarines. He was not invited by the Czar "to come to make a new Russian navy," as the despatches from New York say.

"The Czar is not giving orders to American shipbuilders. The feeling against us in Russia is too strong, to say nothing of the fact that Russia now is able to do its own shipbuilding.'

"This informant showed letters from a number of Russian officials denying in rather heated terms the statement that Mr. Nixon had received an order for warships."

Japan's Crown Prince Celebrates Birthday. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
TOKIO, Sept. 1.—The Crown Prince Yoshihito Harunomiya celebrated his twenty-sixth birthday anniversary to-day at his villa in Shiobara. He received congratulations from the Princes, the Elder

Statesmen, Cabinet officers and Generals at the front. Clearing Yingkow Harber of Mines. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Toxio, Sept. 1.—Seventeen mines have been removed from the estuary at Yingkow, the port of Newchwang. Only two now

DREW PAY, KILLED HIMSELF. Policeman Taggart's Wife Denies That Quarrel Preceded the Shot.

Joseph P. Taggart, 36 years old, a policeman attached to the West 152d street station, committed suicide late yesterday afternoon by shooting himself in the right temple at his home, 522 West 159th street. His wife and sister-in-law. Miss Kittle Shields, witnessed his act and summoned assistance, but he was dead when an am bulance surgeon arrived.

Taggart went home in the afternoon revealately after drawing his month's month of the analysis of the control of th

for money. They say he started away in a rage, then suddenly drew his revolver and shot himself. Mrs. Taggart denied to Coroner's Physician Weston that she had had a quarrel with her husband. She said that she couldn't account for his act. Capt. Halpin of the West 152d street station, to which Taggart has been attached as appointed on the for

1897, said that he had always been an effi-cient officer and held a clean record. He assisted in the rescue of Mrs. Hannah Naughton in a fire at 302 West 145th street on Aug. 19.

HUGH M'LAUGHLIN BACK. Nothing to Say on Politics on His Return From His Vacation.

Hugh McLaughlin, whose reign of forty years over the Brooklyn Democracy was closed in the last campaign as a result of his refusal to support the regular municipa ticket of his party, returned home last evening from his summer vacation at Bellport, L. I. Only a few of the old Willoughby port, L. I. Only a few of the old Willoughby street guard were on hand to welcome him, his homecoming this year contrast-ing significantly in this respect with those during his prolonged political dictator-

ship.

If he cherishes any chagrin or disappointment over the setting, apparently forever, of his political star, or harbors any jealousy over the honors which have been crowding in on his successor, Patrick H. McCarren, it certainly has had no depressing effect on his health and spirits. Now that the primaries have given his successor at least another year of control over the organization, it is very likely that Mr. McLaughlin will refrain from all political

When seen last night by the reporters he refused to enter into any discussion on politics, national, State or local.

G. H. PUTNAM FOR ROOSEVELT. Though the Publisher Is a Tariff Reformer and a Democrat.

George Haven Futnam, head of the publishing house of G. P. Putnam's Sons, who has for years been a leading spirit among tariff reformers, will advocate the election of Mr. Roosevelt. He is now in Europe, and in an address recently be-fore the National Liberal Club of London

he said:

It is my own belief that the voters of the country will decide in November for the re-election of Roosevelt. I class myself with the Democrate, but it is my conviction that in the present unsatisfactory condition of Democratic leadership, and in connection with the influence of Roosevelt on the side of the more conservative and sensible elements of his own party, his election will, on the whole, be for the advantage of our country.

Named for the Assembly. Second Niagara District—James T. Murphy, Democrat.
Clinton County-H. Wallace Knapp, Republican, renominated.

Coin Shipped to Manila. WASHINGTON, Sept. 1 .- Two million two hundred and forty thousand pesos were shipped on the transport Thomas to-day from San Francisco for Manila. In compoliance with the request of the Philippine Government, the Bureau of Insular Affairs has given orders for the coining of Philippine half dollars in large quantities in the San Francisco mint, to be sent to Manila from

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.-These army orders have been issued:

Capt. Preston Brown, Paymaster, from Denver
to Atlanta, Ga.
Capt. William E. P. French, detailed as professor
of military science and tactics at the New York
Military Academy, Cornwall-on-Hudson.

These naval orders have been issued:
Lieut. J. S. Graham to Naval Academy.
Passed Assistant Surgeon J. J. Snyder from the
Maine to the Kearaarge.
Lieut. Commander F. H. Balley, from the Brooklyn to home. n to home. Lieut. H. P. Perrill, to Naval Hospital, New York for treatment.
Lieut. A. E. Watson and Midshipman P. E. Damp-man, from the Brooklyn to the Atlanta.

WOODRUFF WON'T PRESIDE.

GETS HIS HANDS FREE FOR FIGHT IN THE STATE CONVENTION.

But if Odell Will Face the Music for His Sins and Run for Governor There'll Be No Fight-But Will He?-Tale of Spies Sent to Find Out What Voters Think.

Governor-Chairman Odell announced at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday to his satellites that ex-Lieut.-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff had declined the invitation to accept the place of temporary chairman of the Republican State convention, to be held in Saratoga on Sept. 14. The Governor-Chairman had no name to suggest in place of Mr. Woodruff's for temporary chairman. There was some speculation as to the advisability of selecting either Senator Depew, ex-Gov. Frank S. Black, J. Sloat Fassett or Representative George N. Southwick of the Albany district. Senator Malby of St. Lawrence county is to be permanent chairman.

Outwardly the Republican nomination for Governor has narrowed down to either Lieut.-Gov. Frank Wayland Higgins of Olean or ex-Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff. Mr. Higgins is not seeking, delegates to bring about his nomination and Mr. Woodruff emphatically declared vesterday that he had kept and most certainly would keep the compact he had made with Senator Platt and Gov. Odell, and that so far as he could make it, the Republican State convention would be an open one. Col. Michael J. Dady, Mr. ruff's chief associate in the management of Republican politics in Kings county, had a long talk with Governor-Chairman Odell.

A particularly interesting bit of news was brought down to the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night by important country Republicans. They said that within the last two weeks they had stumbled across a number of Governor-Chairman Odell's agents in the different counties, whose nission it was to ascertain for the Governor-Chairman the drift of sentiment toward himself. These Republican up-staters went on to say that the Governor-Chair-man had sent out these agents for the pur-pose of ascertaining if it were advisable for him to accept a renomination for Gov-

course," said an informant, who "Of course," said an informant, who said he knew the facts, "these agents told Gov. Odell yesterday and to-day that the Republican party up the State was in a grand uproar for him and demanded his renomination. These agents could not tell Gov. Odell anything else. They are in his employ, paid by him, and some of them hold places under the State Government, which Gov. Odell can take average from which Gov. Odell can take away from

them.
"I don't blame these fellows for coming "I don't blame these fellows for coming back and telling the Governor that he is the only pebble on the beach," continued the up-Stater. "The news about these agents, though, their mission and their reports to the Governor concerning him-self, may be considered an interesting chapter in the present situation."

Governor-Chairman Odell's agents, it

was also ascertained, in addition to their mission to learn if possible if he could win if renominated, were also instructed to tell all of the up-State leaders to send unin-structed delegates to the Republican State convention at Saratoga. In this respect, at least, the convention promises to be at least, the convention promises to be an open one. The same old report, though, from high sources, that if Odell at the last moment does not take the nomination himself he will give it to Frank W. Higgins

self he will give it to Frank W. Higgins, was again circulated.

Mr. Woodruff's friends said that inasmuch as he had kept the compact not to seek delegates they would keep their eyes open wide at Saratoga for any attempt on the part of anybody and in the interest of anybody other than Woodruff to break this compact, but that Woodruff would have at his back the 132 delegates from Kings county as a starter. Keeping to the letter of the compact, these 132 delegates will not be instructed for Woodruff.

The Woodruff people asserted that while

The Woodruff people asserted that, while they had kept faith and were quite willing to leave Mr. Woodruff in the hands of the delegates at Saratoga, they would not for an instant hesitate to fight, and make a smashing fight at that, if Governor-Chair-man Odell furtively or secretly flung his influence to Mr. Higgins or any other Re-publican.

Of course, it was added, if Mr. Odell is a Of course, it was added, if Mr. Odell is a candidate for renomination that is quite another matter. The Plattites, the Woodruffites and Higginsites and all the other "ites" would not oppose Gov. Odell if he gave even an intimation that he desired renomination. Then came the question, though, if Governor-Chairman Odell attempted to influence the delegates in his own behalf would be keep either to the letter or the would he keep either to the letter or the spirit of the compact for an open conven-tion?

tion?

As a matter of fact, the thoughtful machinists in the Republican State organization said at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night that it was really the duty of Odell to accept a renomination and not to thrust upon Higgins or Woodruff or any other Republican the sins of commission and omission. Higgins or Woodruff or any other Republican the sins of commission and omission of the Odell administrations. In furtherance of this statement these Republicans said that the Republican voters of the State are to hold Higgins or Woodruff or any other candidate of the convention responsible for these Odell administrations and that it would be far better if Gov. Odell faced these voters himself. responsible for these Odell admir and that it would be far bette Odell faced these voters himself.

BROOKLYN FOR WOODRUFF. The 130 Delegates Chosen Last Night Instructed for Him.

Republican conventions were held las night in the twenty-one Assembly districts in Brooklyn for the election of delegates, 130 all told, to the State convention. There was not a single scrap at the gatherings, harmony prevailing all along the line At each convention a resolution was adopted recommending the Hon. Timothy L. Woodruff as a worthy candidate for the nomination for Governor and instructing the delegates to support him and use all honorable methods to accomplish his nomination.

These are the delegates to the Saratoga

convention: FIRST DISTRICT—Michael J. Dady, D. Harry Ralston, William W. Wingate, John Hill Morgan, Robert S. Downey, Charles Hill Morgan, Robert William J. Beatty, Second District — William J. Beatty, Robert Wellwood, John S. King.
THIRD DISTRICT—Richard H. Laimbeer, Jr., William L. Moorehouse, Michael C. Han-

Jr., William L. Moorenouse, Michael C. Hanton.
FOURTH DISTRICT—John F. Gies, George H. Roberts, Jr., Alfred E. Bass, David S. Stewart, George E. Burr, Henry E. Chapman, E. K. Van Buren, John H. Frall, Fifth District—Alfred J. Hobbey, J. S. W. Kastendieck, J. A. Carmoddy, Frank Sperry, Charles F. Franklin, William Kramer, Theodore Cocheu.
Syyth District—Frederick H. Schroeder. heodore Cocheu. SIXTH DISTRICT—Frederick H. Schroeder, narles P. Dunwell, William H. Allen, Arthur Audette, J. Harry Waite, George Mass, illiam Shellback. J. Audette, J. Harry Waite, George Mass, William Shellback.
SEVENTH DISTRICT—Harry A. Hanbury, James F. Roach, William J. Jentes, Edward Salisbury, James P. Connell, Mortimer L. Horton, Clarence A. Barrow, Marcus B. Campbell.

Campbell.
E16HTH DISTRICT—Jacob Brenner, William Berri, James McGrath.
NINTH DISTRICT—Michael J. Wheeler, Norman S. Dike, William E. Cadmus.
TENTH DISTRICT—Randolph C. Fuller, Charles A. Schieren, Jr., William R. Fagan, Martin S. Allen, Owen E. Houghton, D. J. Vernon. Martin S. Allen, Owen E. Houghton, D. J. Vernon.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT—Timothy L. Woodruff, Frank J. Gardiner, Hyron C. Belknap, Noah Tibbetts, Edward B. Jordan, Waldo R. Blackwell, Charles D. Du Fleu.

TWELFTH DISTRICT—Silas B. Dutcher. William M. Calder, Charles S. Devoy, Frank K. Price, John H. Kemble, Charles P. Dible.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—Philip T. Williams, Robert M. Johnson, Henry B. Ketcham, John H. Campbell, Edgar H. Hazelwood, Richard Wright.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—George A. Owens

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—George A. Owens, eorge H. Mason, Simon Behrends, Lawrence J. Kennedy.

FIFTKENTH DISTRICT—Harry Jacquillard, Adolph Levy, Louis J. Altrage, William E. Ludlow, Issac Engel.

Sixteenth District—Robert A. Sharkey, Richard M. Bennett, William L. Extance, J.

Stewart Walsh, Richard C. Perry, Leland W. Wood, Andrew J. Carter, William Doggreil, James R. Weston.

SEVENTRENTH DISTRICT—Lewis M. Swasey, John Herries, C. D. Drew, Edward C. Dowling, John Wirth, Daniel W. Wilkes, L. L. Fawcett, Charles Butt, Alexander Ferris.

EloHteenth District—F. J. H. Kracke, John Hahn, George E. Waldo, Jacob D. Remsen, C. J. Williamson, Frederick E. Crane, R. G. Newbegin, Ernst Nathan, E. M. Dougherty.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Charles J. Haubert, Francis F. Williams, William H. Caldwell, Frank E. Schultz.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT—John K. Neal, F. E. Hughes, Charles G. Bennett, Andrew Lemon, George E. England, John A. Doremus, Frank Bennett, Jonas M. Farrington.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT—Jacob A. Living-Aton, James H. Ruggles, S. W. Rourke, J. C. Grant, H. M. Kellorg, M. Rosenbloom, William Watson, A. J. Gilchrist.

LABOR LEADER AT ESOPUS. John N. Bogart of This City Has a Long

Talk With Judge Parker. Esopus, Sept. 1.-John N. Bogart of New York, one of the State organizers of the American Federation of Labor, spent several hours in conference with Judge Parker to-day. Bogart has been prominent in political labor matters for years. He was figure in the State campaign of 1897, when he made himself very useful. More recently he was one of the lieutenants of William R. Hearst in Hearst's campaign for the Presidential nomination.

There were rumors that Bogart was called here to assist in straightening out the labor union mess which involves Senator P. H. McCarren and, incidentally, endangers the Parker vote. The Parker managers, while protesting that they do not believe the union hostility to McCarren will do more than help Tammany Hall, were taking no chances. When Bogart was seen after his talk with the candidate, he insisted that his visit was of a purely personal nature. "I used to know Judge Parker very well in Kingston," he said. "I'd prefer that you don't mention my name, even as having

been here. been here."

Bogart did know the Judge in Kingston, but the friendship was quite political. No information in regard to Bogart's call was available at Rosemount, where, however, no attempt was made to pretend that it was a merely social visit.

Two Congressions a Judge and a Colonal

Two Congressmen, a Judge and a Colonel were the candidate's other callers. The first Congressman was Swager Sherley of

the Louisville, Ky., district, who said he happened to be in New York and thought it well to come and see the Judge.
"No doubt about Kentucky," said Sherley.
"We will elect ten of the eleven Congressmen, as usual."

Congressmen, J. L. Slayden came all the Congressman J. L. Slayden came all the way from Texas to have a look. He was

way from Texas to have a local pleased.

"The Judge impresses me as being the highest type of an American gentleman," he said after the talk. "When I say that I refer to a high grade planter. You call them farmers in the North."

P. M. Pearsall of Releigh, N. C., was the Colonel. He is secretary to Gov. Aycock and is a member of the State executive committee. Judge Billuto, a scholarly appear-

mittee. Judge Billuto, a scholarly appear-ing young man from Oklahoma, arrived this afternoon. BRYAN'S MAN NOT FOR PARKER. Palliser Will Support Watson-What's His

Inspiration? Is Asked. Melvin G. Palliser, who had charge of the arrangements for receiving William J. Bryan when he returned from Europe last spring, and who has acted for some months as the personal representative in this city of Mr. Bryan, declared yester-day that, while loyal to the Democratio party, he could not bring himself to vote for Parker, and that in consequence he in-tended to advocate the election of Mr.

Watson.

The announcement aroused a good deal of speculation as to just what inspired Mr. Palliser's statement. It was recalled that, while Mr. Bryan has announced that he will support Judge Parker, he has written to Mr. Taggart that he is so much in need of a rest that it will be impossible for him to do anything to help the Democratic to do anything to help the Democratic nominee until October.

nominee until October.
When Mr. Palliser's statement was shown last night to the Democratic chieftans, there was an inclination to doubt Mr. Bryan's sincerity in his promise to work for Judge Parker. The feeling which Mr. Bryan had and still has for Mr. Hill is well known and this extense from Mr. well known, and this extract from Mr. Palliser's statement was commented on: Palliser's statement was commented on:
"I am in communication with Bryan Democrats throughout the State, and a great majority of them have expressed themselves in favor of Mr. Watson. The Bryan Democrats have a true estimate of the character of David B. Hill, and his justly odious personality has encouraged them to declare themselves openly against his puppers. It is this widespread sentiment throughout the State which has forced from Hill the promise to retire from politics after next January. Those who have watched his record in the past will recognize in this declaration merely a campaign trick.

recognize in this declaration merely a campaign trick.

But even if the declaration is sincere he gives no assurance that he will refrain from securing positions for his henchmen, who will, if an opportunity is afforded, perpetuate his corrupt methods. His declaration is a surrender which concedes the defeat of Judge Parker. Mr. Bryan has denounced him and his associates in this State as allies of the plutocracy, and has not withdrawn or modified this statement. Under these circumstances Bryan Democrats will refuse to support either Parker or Roosevelt, and will vote for Mr. Watson, who is the only representative of Democratic principles in this campaign.

of Democratic principles in this campaign THE DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN. Worry Over Projected Editors' Trip-The College Men's Club.

Col. J. M. Guffey, Democratic national committeeman from Pennsylvania, and Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia, former chairman of the Democratic national committee, were among those who called vesterday upon Chairman Taggart at the Democratic national headquarters. After the conference Col. Guffey said that the plans which were being made for the active

plans which were being made for the active opening of the campaign in the East would prove anything but consolatory to the managers of the Republican campaign. Josephus Daniels, chairman of the com-mittee in charge of the arrangements for the meeting in this city of some hundreds of Democratic editors, was very much disturbed yesterday over the report that the heads of the national committee after

the heads of the national committee after reckoning up the cost had decided that the game was not worth the candle. Mr. Daniels denied that the national course mittee intended to pay all the travelling and other expenses of the editors.

'The editors," he said, "will, of course, come at their own expense, the entertainment to be paid for by the committee being confined to the banquet, the trip to Esopus including luncheon on the steamer."

The organizers of the College Men's Parker and Davis Club met vesterday in the office of the law firm of Coudert Bros. and elected these officers. President, William R. Hornblower; corresponding secretary, R. Hornblower; corresponding secretary, Frank M. Patterson; recording secretary, Paul Fuller, Jr., and treasurer, John Clinton Gray, Jr. The club will open headquarters in the St. James Building, 1133 Broadway.

Fail to Indorse Odell's Administration. GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 1 .- The Hon. D. W. Emerson, former Congressman, heads the Warren county delegation to the Republican State convention. The delegates are Platt, rather than Odell. The esolutions, which were written by Ass blyman Loyal L. Davis, chairman of the county committee, heartily inderse the National Administration, comparing it Vational Administration, comparing with those of Lincoln, Grant and McKinle but contain no allusion to the administra-tion of the Governor-Chairman.

Hill Men Win in Jamestown.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 1.-At largely attended Democratic caucuses in James town, rival delegations representing Frank E. Shearman and Frank H. Mott, former Democratic candidates for Secretary of State, vere in the field. Mr. Mott won by a decisive majority, his friends electing the entire delegation to the county and Assembly conventions. Mr. Mott has usually acted with Hill and Mr. Shearman with Tammany.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD SUNDAY EXCURSION

ATLANTIC CITY SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1904.

ROUND \$2.50 TRIP

SPECIAL TRAIN

" Brooklyn.

AMERICA'S CREATEST SEASHORE RESORT. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD. Gen'l Passenger Agent.

DARK HORSE IN STATE RACE.

WHAT IF THE DEMOCRATS NAME DE LANCEY NICOLL?

If Lament Won't Run, and Tammany Won't Have Grout, and Neither McCarren Nor Murphy Will Take Jerome-Talk Heard After the State Committee Palaver.

Cord Meyer swungthe gavel as chairman esterday for the first time at a meeting of the Democratic State committee at the Hoffman House. It was remarked that, while it may not yet be apparent to some, the announcement in THE SUN from Albany on May 1 will be fully demonstrated quicket than some folks imagine.

That announcement was that, "with the election of Cord Meyer to the chairmanship of the State committee, a new Democratic State machine manned by Democratic engineers of political experience and probity has been put on the track."

The meeting yesterday lasted only s few minutes. In that time it was officially announced that David B. Hill of Albany was the proxy for Frank W. Brown of Warsaw. Ex-United States Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., was proxy for ex-Mayor Francis J. Molloy of Troy, William F. Sheehan of Buffalo was proxy for Charles N. Bulger of Oswego, and Norman E. Mack of Buffalo had the proxy for Henry P. Burgard of the same city. On the motion of

gard of the same city. On the motion of Mr. Mack, Saratoga and Sept. 20 were named as the place and time for holding the Democratic State convention.

John W. Potter was elected a member of the committee to fill the vacancy in the Thirty-fourth Senate district caused by the death in April of James H. Flannigan. James A. Parsons of Hornellsville was elected State committeeman for the Forty-first Senate district in place of Frank Campbell of Bath, who filed his resignation with the committee at Albany on April 30. bell of Bath, who filed his resignation with the committee at Albany on April 30. Leader Murphy of Tammany and Senator Patrick Henry McCarren of Kings didn't even scowl at each other. They looked at and over each other. Nothing was done concerning Leader Murphy's proposition to have the candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator Derey named Senator to succeed Senator Depew named on the Democratic State ticket, as that proposition can only be acted upon in the State convention.

It became known that on Mr. Hill's last

visit to New York city, when he learned that John B. Stanchfield was not acceptable that John B. Stanchfield was not acceptable as a candidate for Governor and that the majority believed that Supreme Court Justice Edgar M. Cullen of Kings county should be nominated for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals to succeed Judge Parker, another little incident occurred. Gently, firmly, with suavity and courtesy, it was learned that Mr. Meyer had made it plain to Mr. Hill that he would himself perform all the functions of chairman of the Democratic State committee. Some said that cratic State committee. Some said that Mr. Hill and Mr. Meyer had had words words-over the matter. This was . But that Mr. Meyer is chairman of the committee in every sense of the term was candidly admitted yesterday. This episode between Mr. Hill and Mr. in THE SUN of May 1 that Mr. Hill had been

beaten in the State committee, which some thought it advisable to deny at the time. After the committee adjourned there was a free discussion upon the progress of the campaign in the State. There was also talk as to Democratic candidates for Governor. It was assertained that effec-Governor. It was ascertained that effec-tive work is being put in above the Bronx to perfect a Democratic organization. The old Hill machine is a shell of little value on election day. The string of Democrats named for Gubernatorial timber were Col. Daniel S. Lamont of New York, Charles W. Good-

S. Lamont of New York, Charles W. Good-year of Buffalo, Comptroller Edward M. Grout of Brooklyn, District Attorney William Travers Jerome of New York, Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn and De Lancey Nicoll of New York. And con-cerning Mr. Nicoll's place on the list it was gravely quoted "the last shall be first." Col. Lamont's friends said that they were convinced that he would not accept the nomi-nation, but they added that they would

nation, but they added that they would not give him up until he himself declared positively that he would not accept.

Just how Mr. Jerome could be nominated was not apparent to some. They pointed out that Mr. McCarren, under the unit rule, would control the sixty-three delegates from Kings and that McCarren was for Grout Leader Murphy control. was for Crout. Leader Murphy, on the other hank under the unit rule, would control the 105 delegates from New York, and mayb, he will control the same forty-four addit nal delegates who stood at his back in the spring convention. Anyway, he will certainly control the 105 from New York county, and Tammany is not favorable With McCarren of Kings for Grout and Murphy of New York unfavorable to Jerome, how then, it was asked, is Mr. Jerome to get support from the territory which, according to political ethics, he should have in order to bring about his nomination.

Mr. Murphy says that he has no candidate for Governor and that Tammany is not to suggest a name for any nomination on the State ticket, but is Mr. Murphy to sit quietly in the convention with his 105 delegates at his back and see his Brooklyn neighbor McCarren plump in those sixty-three votes for Grout, whom Tammany will not accept

for Grout, whom Tammany will not accept at any stage of the game?

On the other hand, when McCarren sees that his sixty-three delegates cannot nominate Grout and that the up-Staters will not dare to jam Grout down Tammany's throat, will McCarren and the up-Staters insist that DeLancey Nicoll is the only man to nominate, provided always that Col. Lancont will not stand?

These were a few of the problems discussed vesterday, and at dusk, when all

These were a rew of the problems dis-cussed yesterday, and at dusk, when all hands ceased their jabber and closed up shop for the day, the drift was decidedly toward the Hon. DeLancey Nicoll as the next Democratic candidate for Governor

TO WORK FOR ROOSEVELT. George Westinghouse Will Take an Active Part in the Campaign.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 1.—George Westinghouse, who has not been known to take house, who has not been known to take any interest in politics, has been prevailed upon to take an active part in the lection of President Roosevelt.

T. J. Ford, chairman of the Allegheny Republican county committee, left for Philadelphia to-night to urge on Senator Penrose the necessity of having Mr. Westinghouse appointed on the national finance committee. He is now a member of the local Republican finance committee.

Fairbanks to Fire First Gun in Maryland. The Republican campaign in Maryland will be opened in Baltimore on Sept. 20. Maryland gave large majorities for McKin-ley, but the national committee has decided to run no risks in that State. Senator Fair-banks has been assigned to fire the first

ocal Republican finance committee



Forget to-day may spell regret to-morrow.

Shirts?

Or is it something else to wear that you'll need over the holiday?

ready. Stores close at noon to-mor-

255 Broadway, cor. Warren. opposite City Hall. 842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 146 to 148 4th Ave. 1260 Broadway, cor. 82d, and 54 West 33d St. We all orders

HAD NO PART IN RUNNING UP THE PRICE, HE SAYS.

200 Shares for \$75,000-Member of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Also a Witness.

and 100 shares at \$400.

O'Leary alleges that these prices were far in excess of the actual value of the stock, that there was a conspiracy to run it up on the market, and that the brokers Pacific, was the first witness examined He testified that prior to May 9 he and his

neither bought, sold nor loaned any Northern Pacific stock on May 9, 1901, or for some time prior to that date.

"What caused the rise in the price of the stock?" Mr. Hill was asked by Lawyer Moran, counsel for the plaintiff.

"It was due to selling by men who did not have the stock and couldn't deliver it." Mr. Hill replied. "There was a scramble to get it when there was none to be had."

The witness testified that he was not a party to any conspiracy to run up the price party to any conspiracy to run up the price of Northern Pacific, and that so far as he

do with cornering the securities.

Louis A. Heinsheimer of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. was then examined. He swore that his firm had also bought a large amount of Northern Pacific stock prior to May 9, 1901—how much he could not tell without consulting the books. He said it was bought for investment and that none of it was bought, sold or loaned on May 9. He admitted that his firm had loaned 30,000 shares of the stock on May 7. The loan

edge of a conspiracy to inflate the value of the stock.

Maurice M. Stirnberger, senior member Maurice M. Stirnberger, senior member of the defendant firm, testified that O'Leary was unknown to him in the transaction. He got an order, he said, on May 8, 1901, to buy 200 shares of Northern Pacific "at the market" from James J. Townsend, a broker of Chicago, who is also a member of the New York Stock Exchange. He swore that he executed the order as given, buying 100 shares at 350 from Charles M. Schott, Jr., a stock broker of 50 Broadway, and 100 shares at 400 from Maurice B. Mend-

and 100 shares at 400 from Maurice B. Mendham a broker of 20 Broadway.

Mr. Stirnberger produced his check book to Schott and \$40,000 to Mendham. He also exhibited the purchase slips to prove that it was a bona fide transaction and that the stock was deligible as that deri the stock was delivered on that day Broker Schott corroborated Mr.

important testimony. Mr. Thomas, it is said, paid 1,000 for 100 shares of Northern Pacific stock on the day of the panic, and he

yers, announced after the morning season, that there was no intention on the part of

Fels-Naptha is better than any mere soap: saves half the labor

Don't you want your wash-day cut in half?

Philadelphia

Scarfs? Suit case or bag? Soft hat? Tennis shoes? Bathing suits?

Fall overcoats and suits are

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

HILL ON NOR. PAC. CORNER.

Questioned in Suit Brought by Chicago Man Against Brokers Who Bought for Him

Referee Philip E. Reville began taking testimony yesterday behind closed doors, at his office, 19 William street, in the suit of John J. O'Leary of Chicago to recover \$55,000 from the Stock Exchange firm of Stirnberger, Fuld & Sinn. The plaintiff got caught in the Northern Pacific corner of May 9, 1901, when that stock soared to \$1,000 a share. He was short 200 shares at 112%, and the defendant firm covered it by buying in the market 100 shares at \$350

friends had bought 210,000 shares of the stock for investment. He said he had nothing to do with the panic, as he had neither bought, sold nor loaned any Norther

knew there never was any such conspiracy. He also declared that he had nothing to

shares of the stock on May 7. The loan was called on May 8, he said, to be delivered on the morning of May 9 at 215. Mr. Heinshelmer also denied all knowl-

Broser's testimony.

Ransom H. Thomas, ex-president of the Stock Exchange, and now a member of the board of governors, was called to the standbut was excused before he had given any

Pacific stock on the day of the panic, and he will so testify when he is called again.

The hearing will go on at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Among those who have been subponaed are Charles Steele, Temple Iowcoin, George H. Earl, secretary of the Northern Pacific Railroad; Mortimer L. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Maurice B. Mendham.

William Wilcox, one of O'Leary's lawyers, announced after the morning session that there was no intention on the part of

subposned in connection with the ern Pacific case. He said that Mr. Hill and others had been summoned merely

Family Washing

and half the wear on clothes.